-Unaudited-

Consolidated Financial Results for the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2024

[Prepared in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards]

Company name: ITOCHU Corporation

Stock exchange code: 8001 https://www.itochu.co.jp/en/ir/

President and Chief Operating Officer: Keita Ishii

General Manager, Investor Relations Division: Kazunori Harada TEL: 81 - 3 - 3497 - 7295

The date of Shareholders' meeting: June 21, 2024 (Planned) The date of payout of dividend: June 24, 2024 (Planned)

The date of issue of audited financial statements: June 21, 2024 (Planned)

1. Consolidated operating results for the FYE 2024 (from April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024)

(1) Consolidated operating results (Summary)

(%: Changes from the previous fiscal year)

	Revenue	es	Trading incon	ne (*4)	Profit befor	e tax	Net prof	it	Net profit attri to ITOCH		Total comprel income attrib to ITOCH	outable
	millions of yen	%	millions of yen	%	millions of yen	%	millions of yen	%	millions of yen	%	millions of yen	%
FYE 2024	14,029,910	0.6	702,900	0.1	1,095,707	(1.0)	851,923	0.9	801,770	0.2	1,200,025	36.9
FYE 2023	13,945,633	13.4	701,913	20.5	1,106,861	(3.8)	844,681	(3.9)	800,519	(2.4)	876,260	(19.3)

	Basic earnings per share attributable to ITOCHU		Ratio of net profit attributable to ITOCHU to shareholders' equity	Ratio of net profit attributable to ITOCHU to total assets
	yen	yen	%	%
FYE 2024	553.00	-	15.6	5.8
FYE 2023	546.10	-	17.7	6.3

Equity in earnings of associates and joint ventures (millions of yen) FYE 2024: 316,332 [(1.4%)] FYE 2023: 320,666 [10.0%] Total comprehensive income (millions of yen) FYE 2024: 1,274,590 [38.1%] FYE 2023: 922,933 [(19.7%)]

(2) Consolidated financial position

		Total assets	Total equity	Total shareholders' equity	Ratio of shareholders' equity to total assets	Shareholders' equity per share
ĺ		millions of yen	millions of yen	millions of yen	%	yen
	March 31, 2024	14,489,701	5,992,121	5,426,962	37.5	3,771.77
	March 31, 2023	13,115,400	5,467,375	4,823,259	36.8	3,314.35

(3) Consolidated cash flows information

	Operating activities	Investing activities	Financing activities	Cash and cash equivalents
	millions of yen	millions of yen	millions of yen	millions of yen
FYE 2024	978,108	(205,994)	(801,174)	600,435
FYE 2023	938,058	(453,806)	(500,081)	606,002

2. Dividend distribution

		Divider	nd distribution pe	er share		Total dividend	Payout ratio	Ratio of dividend distribution to
	End of first quarter	End of second quarter	End of third quarter	Year-end	Annual	distribution (Annual)	(Consolidated)	ITOCHU shareholders' equity (Consolidated)
	yen	yen	yen	yen	yen	millions of yen	%	%
FYE 2023	-	65.00	-	75.00	140.00	204,923	25.6	4.5
FYE 2024	-	80.00	-	80.00	160.00	231,416	28.9	4.5
FYE 2025 (Planned)	-	100.00	-	100.00	200.00		32.5	

3. Outlook of consolidated operating results for the FYE 2025 (from April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025)

(%: Changes from the previous fiscal year)

	Net profit attributa to ITOCHU	ıble	Basic earnings per share attributable to ITOCHU
	millions of yen	%	yen
FYE 2025	880,000	9.8	614.63

(Note) Outlook of consolidated operating results for the first half of FYE 2025 is not prepared.

4. Other information

(1) Changes in significant subsidiaries during the period (changes in specified subsidiaries accompanying changes

in the consolidation scope) : Yes

New company : 1 (Digital Value Chain Partners GK)

Note: Due to the capital reduction made in the fourth quarter of this fiscal year, Digital Value Chain Partners GK is no longer a specified subsidiary.

For more details, please refer to page 10, "2. (1) Changes in significant subsidiaries during the period".

(2) Changes in accounting policies and accounting estimates

(a) Changes in accounting policies required by IFRS
 (b) Other changes
 (c) Changes in accounting estimates
 (d) Yes
 (e) None

(3) Number of common shares issued

(a) Number of common shares outstanding:	FYE 2024	1,584,889,504	FYE 2023	1,584,889,504
(including the number of treasury stock)				
(b) Number of treasury stock:	FYE 2024	146,053,365	FYE 2023	129,625,295
(c) Average number of common				
shares outstanding:	FYE 2024	1,449,848,444	FYE 2023	1,465,872,321

Note: Based on the decision at the meeting of the Board of Directors,

ITOCHU has carried out share buybacks of 16,554,000 own shares during the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2024.

[Note]

- *1. This document is an English translation of a statement initially written in Japanese. The original Japanese document should be considered as the primary version.
- *2. This document is unaudited by certified public accountants or audit firms.
- *3. Data and projections contained in these materials are based on the information available at the time of publication, and various factors may cause the actual results to differ materially from those presented in such forward-looking statements. ITOCHU Corporation, therefore, wishes to caution that readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, and further, that ITOCHU Corporation has no obligation to update any forward-looking statements as a result of new information, future events or other developments.
- *4. "Trading income" is presented in accordance with Japanese accounting practices.
 - "Trading income" = "Gross trading profit" + "Selling, general and administrative expenses" + "Provision for doubtful accounts"
- *5. The consolidated financial statements are expressed in Japanese yen and, solely for the convenience of the reader, have been translated into U.S. dollars at the rate of 151.41 yen = 1 U.S. dollar, the exchange rate prevailing on March 31, 2024.

 The translation should not be construed as a representation that the Japanese yen amounts could be converted into U.S. dollars at the above or any other rate.
- *6. "ITOCHU" referred to in the consolidated financial statements represents ITOCHU Corporation.

1. Qualitative Information

(1) Consolidated Operating Results

(a) General Economic Situation

For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2024, the global economy generally remained sluggish, although some sectors performed stably. The U.S. economy showed gradual improvement mainly in consumer spending due to strong employment conditions, despite the rise in policy interest rate. In Europe, the economy remained stagnant as inflation rate remained high despite monetary tightening. Weak recovery also continued in China due to a slowdown in the real estate market and stagnant exports. The WTI crude oil price rose from the US\$80 per barrel level at the beginning of the fiscal year, temporarily reaching the US\$93 per barrel level in September against a backdrop of supply constraints by major oil-producing countries, before trending downward to the US\$67 per barrel level through to December due to the stagnation of the global economy. It then rebounded due in part to the deteriorating situation in the Middle East to close the fiscal year at the US\$83 per barrel level.

Although the Japanese economy underwent a period of stagnation from summer to fall as rising prices curbed consumer spending, it subsequently showed a recovery trend against a backdrop of rising wages and increased demand from inbound tourism, as economic activity normalized based on the assumption of coexistence with COVID-19. The U.S. dollar-yen exchange rate depreciated from the \mathbb{\pmathbb{\text{133}}} per dollar level at the beginning of the fiscal year to the \mathbb{\mathbb{\text{151}}} per dollar level in mid-November due to fluctuations in U.S. long-term interest rates. Although it temporarily appreciated to the \mathbb{\mathbb{\mathbb{\text{141}}} per dollar level, despite the lifting of the negative interest rate policy by the Bank of Japan in March. The Nikkei Stock Average temporarily rose from the \mathbb{\m

(b) Consolidated Operating Results

		Billions of	of Yen		Millions of U.S. Dollars
	2024	2023	Increase (Decrease)	%	2024
Revenues	14,029.9	13,945.6	84.3	0.6%	92,662
Gross trading profit	2,232.4	2,129.9	102.5	4.8%	14,744
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(1,521.7)	(1,419.1)	(102.6)	7.2%	(10,051)
Gains (losses) on investments	34.8	67.2	(32.3)	(48.2%)	230
Gains (losses) on property, plant, equipment and intangible assets	(6.1)	(50.1)	44.1		(40)
Net interest expenses (The total of interest income and interest expense)	(46.5)	(27.5)	(19.0)		(307)
Equity in earnings of associates and joint ventures	316.3	320.7	(4.3)	(1.4%)	2,089
Income tax expense	(243.8)	(262.2)	18.4	(7.0%)	(1,610)
Net profit	851.9	844.7	7.2	0.9%	5,626
Net profit attributable to ITOCHU	801.8	800.5	1.3	0.2%	5,295
(Reference) Trading income	702.9	701.9	1.0	0.1%	4,642

(i) Revenues (from external customers)

Increased by 0.6%, or 84.3 billion yen, compared to the previous fiscal year to 14,029.9 billion yen (92,662 million U.S. dollars).

• Food Company:

Increased by 236.7 billion yen compared to the previous fiscal year to 4,863.0 billion yen (32,118 million U.S. dollars), due to expansion of transactions resulting from the recovery of consumer activity and higher sales prices in food-distribution-related companies, and higher transaction volume in provisions-related transactions.

• General Products & Realty Company:

Increased by 117.3 billion yen compared to the previous fiscal year to 1,380.8 billion yen (9,120 million U.S. dollars), due to the stable performance in domestic real estate transactions and ETEL (European tire-related company), and the conversion of DAIKEN into a consolidated subsidiary.

· Machinery Company:

Increased by 85.4 billion yen compared to the previous fiscal year to 1,478.9 billion yen (9,767 million U.S. dollars), due to the favorable sales in automobile-related companies, higher transaction volume in operation and maintenance services, and gains on sales of renewable energy development assets in North American electric-power-related business.

• Energy & Chemicals Company:

Decreased by 344.4 billion yen compared to the previous fiscal year to 3,044.5 billion yen (20,108 million U.S. dollars), due to lower market prices in energy trading transactions, energy-related companies, and chemical-related transactions.

(ii) Gross trading profit

Increased by 4.8%, or 102.5 billion yen, compared to the previous fiscal year to 2,232.4 billion yen (14,744 million U.S. dollars).

• General Products & Realty Company:

Increased by 55.9 billion yen compared to the previous fiscal year to 280.9 billion yen (1,855 million U.S. dollars), due to the stable performance in domestic real estate transactions and ETEL, and the conversion of DAIKEN into a consolidated subsidiary.

· Food Company:

Increased by 50.0 billion yen compared to the previous fiscal year to 380.9 billion yen (2,516 million U.S. dollars), due to the improvement in logistics cost in Dole, expansion of transactions resulting from the recovery of consumer activity and higher sales prices in food-distribution-related companies, and higher transaction volume in provisions-related transactions.

• The 8th Company:

Increased by 40.8 billion yen compared to the previous fiscal year to 424.6 billion yen (2,804 million U.S. dollars), due to the increase in daily sales along with higher number of customers and spend per customer resulting from enhancement of product appeal and sales promotion in FamilyMart.

• Energy & Chemicals Company:

Decreased by 45.6 billion yen compared to the previous fiscal year to 269.7 billion yen (1,781 million U.S. dollars), due to the absence of favorable performance in energy trading transactions in the previous fiscal year.

(iii) Selling, general and administrative expenses

Increased by 7.2%, or 102.6 billion yen, compared to the previous fiscal year to 1,521.7 billion yen (10,051 million U.S. dollars), due to the conversion of DAIKEN into a consolidated subsidiary, the acquisition of DOME, the increase in personnel expenses, and the depreciation of the yen, partially offset by the decrease because of the de-consolidation of CONEXIO in the fourth quarter of the previous fiscal year.

(iv) Gains (losses) on investments

Decreased by 48.2%, or 32.3 billion yen, compared to the previous fiscal year to a gain of 34.8 billion yen (230 million U.S. dollars), due to the absence of the gains on the sales of a North American beverage-equipment-maintenance company and CONEXIO in the previous fiscal year, partially offset by the revaluation gain on a lithium-ion batteries company.

(v) Gains (losses) on property, plant, equipment and intangible assets

Improved by 44.1 billion yen compared to the previous fiscal year to a loss of 6.1 billion yen (40 million U.S. dollars), due to the gains on the sale of fixed assets in ITOCHU ENEX and the absence of impairment loss in Dole in the previous fiscal year.

(vi) Net interest expenses (The total of interest income and interest expense)

Deteriorated by 19.0 billion yen compared to the previous fiscal year to expenses of 46.5 billion yen (307 million U.S. dollars), due to the increase in interest expense with higher U.S. dollar interest rates.

(vii) Equity in earnings of associates and joint ventures

Decreased by 1.4%, or 4.3 billion yen, compared to the previous fiscal year to 316.3 billion yen (2,089 million U.S. dollars).

• General Products & Realty Company:

Decreased by 35.7 billion yen compared to the previous fiscal year to 2.8 billion yen (18 million U.S. dollars), due to lower earnings in IFL (European pulp-related company) resulting from lower pulp prices and lower sales volume, and the absence of favorable performance in overseas real estate business in the previous fiscal year.

• Others, Adjustments & Eliminations: (*)

Decreased by 17.7 billion yen compared to the previous fiscal year to 98.6 billion yen (651 million U.S. dollars), due to lower earnings in CITIC Limited resulting from the increase in interest expense with higher U.S. dollar interest rates and the absence of revaluation gain on securities business in the previous fiscal year, partially offset by the stable performance in comprehensive financial services segment.

· Machinery Company:

Increased by 43.1 billion yen compared to the previous fiscal year to 87.8 billion yen (580 million U.S. dollars), due to higher earnings in North American electric-power-related business, the start of equity pick-up of Hitachi Construction Machinery from the third quarter of the previous fiscal year, and the absence of the losses on aircraft leased to Russian airlines in a leasing-related company in the previous fiscal year.

(*) "Others, Adjustments & Eliminations" includes gains and losses, which do not belong to any operating segment and internal eliminations between operating segments. For more details, please refer to page 21, "6. (6) Operating Segment Information".

(viii) Income tax expense

Decreased by 7.0%, or 18.4 billion yen, compared to the previous fiscal year to 243.8 billion yen (1,610 million U.S. dollars), due to lower profit before tax.

(ix) Net profit attributable to ITOCHU

Consequently, net profit attributable to ITOCHU increased by 0.2%, or 1.3 billion yen, compared to the previous fiscal year to 801.8 billion yen (5,295 million U.S. dollars).

(Reference) Trading income

"Trading income" in accordance with Japanese accounting practices ("Trading income" = "Gross trading profit" + "Selling, general and administrative expenses" + "Provision for doubtful accounts") increased by 0.1%, or 1.0 billion yen, compared to the previous fiscal year to 702.9 billion yen (4,642 million U.S. dollars).

· Food Company:

Increased by 36.3 billion yen compared to the previous fiscal year to 102.2 billion yen (675 million U.S. dollars), due to the improvement in logistics cost in Dole, expansion of transactions resulting from the recovery of consumer activity and higher sales prices in food-distribution-related companies, and higher transaction volume in provisions-related transactions.

• The 8th Company:

Increased by 21.0 billion yen compared to the previous fiscal year to 67.1 billion yen (443 million U.S. dollars), due to the increase in daily sales along with higher number of customers and spend per customer resulting from enhancement of product appeal and sales promotion, partially offset by the increase in various costs caused by changes in external environment and execution of digital measures to strengthen business foundations in FamilyMart.

• Energy & Chemicals Company:

Decreased by 50.6 billion yen compared to the previous fiscal year to 102.6 billion yen (677 million U.S. dollars), due to the absence of favorable performance in energy trading transactions in the previous fiscal year.

(2) Consolidated Financial Position

		Billions of	Yen		Millions of U.S. Dollars
	Mar. 2024	Mar. 2023	Increase (Decrease)	%	Mar. 2024
Total assets	14,489.7	13,115.4	1,374.3	10.5%	95,698
Interest-bearing debt	3,357.6	3,006.6	351.0	11.7%	22,176
Net interest-bearing debt	2,741.6	2,391.2	350.4	14.7%	18,107
Total shareholders' equity	5,427.0	4,823.3	603.7	12.5%	35,843
Ratio of shareholders' equity to total assets	37.5%	36.8%	Increased 0.7pt		
NET DER (times)	0.51	0.50	Increased 0.01pt		

(i) Total assets

Increased by 10.5%, or 1,374.3 billion yen, compared to March 31, 2023 to 14,489.7 billion yen (95,698 million U.S. dollars), due to the increase in investments accounted for by the equity method, the increase in trade receivables resulting from the increase of trading transactions, the conversion of DAIKEN into a consolidated subsidiary, and the depreciation of the yen.

(ii) Net interest-bearing debt (interest-bearing debt after deducting cash and cash equivalents and time deposits)
Increased by 14.7%, or 350.4 billion yen, compared to March 31, 2023 to 2,741.6 billion yen (18,107 million U.S. dollars), due to the additional investment in shares in ITOCHU Techno-Solutions, dividend payments and share buybacks, and the depreciation of the yen, partially offset by the stable performance in operating revenues.

Interest-bearing debt increased by 11.7%, or 351.0 billion yen, compared to March 31, 2023 to 3,357.6 billion yen (22,176 million U.S. dollars).

(iii) Total shareholders' equity

Increased by 12.5%, or 603.7 billion yen, compared to March 31, 2023 to 5,427.0 billion yen (35,843 million U.S. dollars), due to net profit attributable to ITOCHU during this fiscal year and the depreciation of the yen, partially offset by the decrease of capital surplus resulting from the additional investment in shares in ITOCHU Techno-Solutions and dividend payments and share buybacks.

(iv) Ratio of shareholders' equity to total assets and NET DER

Ratio of shareholders' equity to total assets increased by 0.7 points compared to March 31, 2023 to 37.5%. NET DER (net debt-to-shareholders' equity ratio) slightly increased compared to March 31, 2023 to 0.51 times.

(3) Consolidated Cash Flows

	Billions	of Yen	Millions of U.S. Dollars
_	2024	2023	2024
Cash flows from operating activities	978.1	938.1	6,460
Cash flows from investing activities	(206.0)	(453.8)	(1,361)
Free cash flows	772.1	484.3	5,099
Cash flows from financing activities	(801.2)	(500.1)	(5,291)

(i) Cash flows from operating activities

Recorded a net cash-inflow of 978.1 billion yen (6,460 million U.S. dollars), due to the stable performance in operating revenues in The 8th, General Products & Realty, and Food Companies, and dividends received from equity method investments in Machinery and Metals & Minerals Companies.

(ii) Cash flows from investing activities

Recorded a net cash-outflow of 206.0 billion yen (1,361 million U.S. dollars), due to the payment resulting from the conversion of DAIKEN into a consolidated subsidiary in General Products & Realty Company, the acquisition of equity method investments in Metals & Minerals Company, and the purchase of fixed assets in The 8th, Food, and Energy & Chemicals Companies.

(iii) Cash flows from financing activities

Recorded a net cash-outflow of 801.2 billion yen (5,291 million U.S. dollars), due to the additional investment in shares in ITOCHU Techno-Solutions, repayments of lease liabilities, and dividend payments and share buybacks, partially offset by proceeds from debentures and loans payable.

"Cash and cash equivalents" as of March 31, 2024 decreased by 5.6 billion yen compared to March 31, 2023 to 600.4 billion yen (3,966 million U.S. dollars).

2. Summary Information (Notes)

(1) Changes in significant subsidiaries during the period (changes in specified subsidiaries accompanying changes in the consolidation scope):

Digital Value Chain Partners GK (hereinafter referred to as "DVP"), which was established as a wholly-owned subsidiary of ITOCHU, became a specified subsidiary as a result of ITOCHU's additional contribution in DVP made in the second quarter of this fiscal year for the purpose of cash settlement related to the tender offer for shares in ITOCHU Techno-Solutions Corporation by DVP.

Due to the capital reduction made in the fourth quarter of this fiscal year, DVP is no longer a specified subsidiary.

(2) Changes in accounting policies and accounting estimates

(a) Changes in accounting policies required by IFRS

ITOCHU Group has applied IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts", from the year ended March 31, 2024.

The cumulative effects of this adoption are reflected through adjustment of retained earnings and other components of equity.

(b) Other changes None

(c) Changes in accounting estimates None

With regards to the impact from the Russia-Ukraine situation, ITOCHU Group has exposure including resource-related investments in Russia, the ratio of them to our total assets is less than 1% as of the end of this fiscal year. As a result of continued appropriate accounting treatment reflecting the most recent situation for our Russia-Ukraine-related assets, we do not expect a material impact on our operating results and financial position.

3. Management Policy

"The Brand-new Deal - Profit opportunities are shifting downstream -"

ITOCHU has implemented a total of five medium-term management plans, from "Brand-new Deal 2012" since FYE 2012 to the latest management plan "Brand-new Deal 2023." Typically, this fiscal year would be the time to announce the next medium-term management plan. However, considering the rapidly changing global situation in recent times, to deliver more useful information to our stakeholders, rather than simply following past precedents and developing a medium-term management plan for three years from now, which could be strongly affected by business environment like exchange rates and resource prices, etc., in this uncertain era, we have decided to establish a Management Policy that should serve as our compass for the long-term and publicly disclose profit plan, financial indicators and our shareholder returns policy as well, which we can commit with confidence for this coming year.

As for our Management Policy, we have titled it "The Brand-new Deal," which adheres to the fundamental principles and business methodologies that have supported our advancement thus far. We will expand our business area through accelerating growth investments, by anticipating the changing needs of society with having all employees always enhancing their marketing capabilities based on the principle of "profit opportunities are shifting downstream" and leveraging the assets and expertise in a wide range of areas from our original downstream sector to the upstream and midstream. We aim to achieve sustainable enhancement in corporate value through three main pillars: steady earnings growth through investments as well as enhancement of corporate brand value and enhancing shareholder returns.

Management Policy - The Brand-new Deal

- Profit opportunities are shifting downstream -

We aim to achieve sustainable enhancement in corporate value, by having all employees, from the business divisions to the administrative divisions, always enhancing their marketing capabilities, leveraging the assets and expertise of upstream and midstream, which we have been building up for over 160 years since our founding, while developing and evolving downstream businesses that are closer to consumers.

Grow earnings	No growth without investments
Enhancement of corporate brand value	Enhancement in qualitative aspects
Shareholder returns	Total payout ratio 40% or more The higher of 30% dividend payout ratio or dividend ¥200 per share

<No Growth without Investments>

We aim to accelerate growth investments starting from a downstream, leveraging a stable business foundation, to grow earnings, and strive for further growth through the expansion of business areas and strengthening and expanding business foundation. We will develop and evolve downstream businesses that are more closer to consumers by realizing the below.

- · Maximizing synergies by horizontal collaboration among Division Companies
- Business transformation and creation through business integration

<Enhancement of Corporate Brand Value>

Built a "corporate brand" through high external evaluations based on the accumulation of innovative initiatives, creating a synergy effect with financial growth, thereby enhancing corporate value. Based on the "market-oriented perspective", we aim to further enhance brand value by listening to the voices of the market, society, and consumers, and continue to refine our qualitative aspects diligently.

- · Reinforcement of human capital
- · Strengthening dialogue with stakeholders
- · Enhancing our contribution to and engagement with the SDGs through business activities

Outlook for the Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2025

Regarding the global economic outlook for the next fiscal year, the effect of monetary tightening in the U.S. and Europe is forecast to put downward pressure on the economy in the near term. However, once inflation subsides, interest rates are projected to start declining, after which there will likely be a gradual pickup in economic conditions. In China, although exports are expected to recover as the U.S. and European economies rebound, the sluggish real estate market is expected to dampen domestic demand, and economic conditions are expected to remain weak.

The Japanese economy is forecast to remain on a recovery trend as wage growth accelerates and inflation slows, which is expected to bolster consumer spending, while capital expenditures are projected to increase on the back of strong corporate earnings and other factors, and exports are also expected to recover. With regard to the U.S. dollar-yen exchange rate, further depreciation of the yen is expected to be limited for as Japan's long-term interest rate continues to rise gradually. The WTI crude oil price is expected to remain firm around the US\$83 per barrel level seen at the start of the fiscal year, due to continued supply constraints by major oil-producing countries.

In addition, the further escalation of tensions between Russia and Ukraine and in the Middle East, along with a delay in the transition to lower interest rates in the U.S. and Europe, remain as risk factors with the potential to put downward pressure on the global economy. As such, we need to monitor these factors.

Under these management circumstances, by expanding our business area as well as strengthening and expanding business foundation through accelerating growth investments, under the Management Policy "The Brand-new Deal", we expect consolidated net profit attributable to ITOCHU of 880.0 billion yen for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2025.

(Unit: Billion yen)

	FYE 2025 Plan
Gross trading profit	2,400.0
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(1,650.0)
Provision for doubtful accounts	(10.0)
Trading income	740.0
Net interest expenses	(60.0)
Dividends received	76.0
Equity in earnings of associates and joint ventures	370.0
Others	54.0
Profit before tax	1,180.0
Income tax expense	(250.0)
Net profit	930.0
Net profit attributable non-controlling interests	(50.0)
Net profit attributable to ITOCHU	880.0

Major Indicators (AprMar.)	<u>Precondition</u> <u>FYE 2025</u>
Foreign exchange rate (Yen/US\$)	145
Interest (JPY 3M TIBOR) (%)	0.4
Interest (US\$ 3M SOFR) (%)	5.0
Crude oil (Brent) (US\$/BBL)	80
Iron ore (CFR China) (US\$/ton)	N.A. (Note)

(Note) The prices of iron ore used in the FYE 2025 Plan are assumptions made in consideration of general transaction prices based on the market.

The actual prices are not presented, as they are subject to negotiation with individual customers and vary by ore type.

These plans are forward-looking statements that are based on management's assumptions and beliefs based on information currently available and involve risks and uncertainties. Thus, the actual results could be substantially different from the above statements due to such factors including, but not limited to, global economic and market conditions, and currency exchange rate fluctuations.

4. Shareholder Returns Policy / Distribution of Profit

Shareholder Returns Policy

ITOCHU has set a dividend for FYE 2025 as the higher of ¥200 per share, which renews the highest record, or 30% dividend payout ratio.

We will actively and continuously execute share buybacks in consideration of market conditions and situation of cash allocation, aiming at total payout ratio of 50% (approximately \$150.0 billion of share buybacks).

Distribution of Profit

ITOCHU plans to pay a dividend of ¥160 per share for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2024. (an interim dividend of ¥80 per share has already been paid)

5. Basic Concept on the Selection of Accounting Standards

ITOCHU Group (ITOCHU and its subsidiaries) deals with a wide variety of business with diverse range of industries through its global network. Anticipating further global expansion in the future and in order to improve the practicability and international comparability of the company's financial information, we have prepared our consolidated financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) from the annual report for the year ended March 31, 2014.

6. Consolidated Financial Statements

(1) Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

ITOCHU Corporation and its Subsidiaries

Years ended March 31, 2024 and 2023

	Millions	Millions of U.S. Dollars	
_	2024	2023	2024
Revenues:			
Revenues from sale of goods	¥ 12,657,964	¥ 12,605,631	\$ 83,601
Revenues from rendering of services and royalties	1,371,946	1,340,002	9,061
Total revenues.	14,029,910	13,945,633	92,662
Cost:			
Cost of sale of goods	(11,078,471)	(11,092,435)	(73,169)
Cost of rendering of services and royalties	(719,079)	(723,295)	(4,749)
Total cost	(11,797,550)	(11,815,730)	(77,918)
Gross trading profit	2,232,360	2,129,903	14,744
Other gains (losses):			
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(1,521,735)	(1,419,121)	(10,051)
Provision for doubtful accounts	(7,725)	(8,869)	(51)
Gains (losses) on investments	34,817	67,157	230
Gains (losses) on property, plant, equipment and intangible assets	(6,059)	(50,118)	(40)
Other-net	13,169	15,071	87
Total other-losses	(1,487,533)	(1,395,880)	(9,825)
Financial income (loss):			
Interest income	54,125	39,370	358
Dividends received	81,064	79,667	535
Interest expense	(100,641)	(66,865)	(665)
Total financial income	34,548	52,172	228
Equity in earnings of associates and joint ventures	316,332	320,666	2,089
Profit before tax	1,095,707	1,106,861	7,236
Income tax expense	(243,784)	(262,180)	(1,610)
Net profit	851,923	844,681	5,626
Net profit attributable to ITOCHU	801,770	800,519	5,295
Net profit attributable to non-controlling interests	50,153	44,162	331

	Millions of Yen			Million U.S. Do		
	2	2024	20)23	2024	4
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:						
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss						
FVTOCI financial assets	¥	96,848	¥	(830)	\$	640
Remeasurement of net defined pension liability		19,321		(1,666)		128
Other comprehensive income in associates and joint ventures		(2,006)		(21,868)		(13)
Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss						
Translation adjustments		258,515		111,639		1,707
Cash flow hedges		14		(1,145)		0
Other comprehensive income in associates and joint ventures		49,975		(7,878)		330
Total other comprehensive income, net of tax		422,667		78,252		2,792
Total comprehensive income		1,274,590		922,933		8,418
Total comprehensive income attributable to ITOCHU		1,200,025		876,260		7,926
Total comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests		74,565		46,673		492

Note 1: The gains and losses on disposal and remeasurement of equity financial instruments, of which the changes in fair value are recorded in "Other comprehensive income", are recognized in "FVTOCI financial assets".

Note 2: "Trading income" is presented in accordance with Japanese accounting practices.

+ "Provision for doubtful accounts"

Trading income for the years ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 were 702,900 million yen (4,642 million U.S. dollars) and 701,913 million yen, respectively.

[&]quot;Trading income" = "Gross trading profit" + "Selling, general and administrative expenses"

(2) Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

ITOCHU Corporation and its Subsidiaries As of March 31, 2024 and 2023

Assets	Millions	Millions of U.S. Dollars		
	Mar. 2024	Mar. 2023	Mar. 2024	
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	¥ 600,435	¥ 606,002	\$ 3,966	
Time deposits	15,582	9,467	103	
Trade receivables	2,831,112	2,533,297	18,698	
Other current receivables	274,313	243,043	1,812	
Other current financial assets	73,046	73,336	482	
Inventories	1,382,164	1,304,942	9,128	
Advances to suppliers	159,152	142,862	1,051	
Other current assets	287,946	208,419	1,902	
Total current assets	5,623,750	5,121,368	37,142	
Non-current assets:				
Investments accounted for by the equity method	3,158,520	2,828,850	20,861	
Other investments	1,194,106	943,270	7,887	
Non-current receivables	899,232	805,159	5,939	
Non-current financial assets other than investments and receivables	156,929	162,768	1,036	
Property, plant and equipment	2,110,616	1,998,485	13,940	
Investment property	42,469	44,050	280	
Goodwill and intangible assets	1,128,306	1,079,253	7,452	
Deferred tax assets	68,533	54,478	453	
Other non-current assets	107,240	77,719	708	
Total non-current assets	8,865,951	7,994,032	58,556	
Total assets	¥14,489,701	¥13,115,400	\$ 95,698	

Liabilities and Equity	Millions	Millions of U.S. Dollars	
	Mar. 2024	Mar. 2023	Mar. 2024
Current liabilities:			
Short-term debentures and borrowings	¥ 727,966	¥ 659,710	\$ 4,808
Lease liabilities (short-term)	224,086	238,289	1,480
Trade payables	2,343,112	2,042,608	15,475
Other current payables	216,360	190,014	1,429
Other current financial liabilities	65,960	71,642	436
Current tax liabilities	86,305	118,109	570
Advances from customers	168,511	162,409	1,113
Other current liabilities	510,085	462,044	3,369
Total current liabilities	4,342,385	3,944,825	28,680
Non-current liabilities:			
Long-term debentures and borrowings	2,629,642	2,346,928	17,368
Lease liabilities (long-term)	814,489	766,278	5,379
Other non-current financial liabilities	55,025	56,543	363
Non-current liabilities for employee benefits	93,469	96,942	617
Deferred tax liabilities	380,414	273,123	2,513
Other non-current liabilities	182,156	163,386	1,203
Total non-current liabilities	4,155,195	3,703,200	27,443
Total liabilities	8,497,580	7,648,025	56,123
Equity:			
Common stock:			
Authorized: 3,000,000,000 shares;			
issued: 1,584,889,504 shares	253,448	253,448	1,674
Capital surplus	(446,824)	(169,322)	(2,951)
Retained earnings	5,032,035	4,434,463	33,234
Other components of equity:			
Translation adjustments	744,976	458,560	4,920
FVTOCI financial assets	206,633	117,210	1,365
Cash flow hedges	38,424	30,840	254
Total other components of equity	990,033	606,610	6,539
Treasury stock	(401,730)	(301,940)	(2,653)
Total shareholders' equity	5,426,962	4,823,259	35,843
Non-controlling interests	565,159	644,116	3,732
Total equity	5,992,121	5,467,375	39,575
Total liabilities and equity	¥14,489,701	¥13,115,400	\$ 95,698

-Unaudited-

(3) Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

ITOCHU Corporation and its Subsidiaries Years ended March 31, 2024 and 2023

(Unit: Millions of Yen)

		Shareholders' equity						
	Common stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Other components of equity	Treasury stock	Total shareholders' equity	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
Balance on Apr. 1, 2023	¥ 253,448	¥ (169,322)	¥ 4,434,463	¥ 606,610	¥ (301,940)	¥ 4,823,259	¥ 644,116	¥ 5,467,375
Net profit			801,770			801,770	50,153	851,923
Other comprehensive income				398,255		398,255	24,412	422,667
Total comprehensive income			801,770	398,255		1,200,025	74,565	1,274,590
Cash dividends to shareholders			(225,458)			(225,458)		(225,458)
Cash dividends to non-controlling interests						-	(21,404)	(21,404)
Net change in acquisition (disposition) of treasury stock					(99,790)	(99,790)		(99,790)
Net change in sale (purchase) of subsidiary shares to (from) non-controlling interests		(277,502)		6,428		(271,074)	(132,118)	(403,192)
Transfer to Retained earnings			21,260	(21,260)		-		-
Balance on Mar. 31, 2024	253,448	(446,824)	5,032,035	990,033	(401,730)	5,426,962	565,159	5,992,121

(Unit: Millions of Yen)

		Shareholders' equity					N		
	Common stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Other components of equity	Treasury stock	Total shareholders' equity	Non- controlling interests	Total equity	
Balance on Apr. 1, 2022	¥ 253,448	¥ (161,917)	¥ 3,811,991	¥ 537,007	¥ (241,204)	¥ 4,199,325	¥ 564,375	¥ 4,763,700	
Cumulative effects of the application of new accounting standards			7,219	(3,471)		3,748		3,748	
Net profit			800,519			800,519	44,162	844,681	
Other comprehensive income				75,741		75,741	2,511	78,252	
Total comprehensive income			800,519	75,741		876,260	46,673	922,933	
Cash dividends to shareholders			(188,372)			(188,372)		(188,372)	
Cash dividends to non-controlling interests						-	(28,437)	(28,437)	
Net change in acquisition (disposition) of treasury stock					(60,736)	(60,736)		(60,736)	
Net change in sale (purchase) of subsidiary shares to (from) non-controlling interests		(7,405)		439		(6,966)	61,505	54,539	
Transfer to Retained earnings			3,106	(3,106)		-		-	
Balance on Mar. 31, 2023	253,448	(169,322)	4,434,463	606,610	(301,940)	4,823,259	644,116	5,467,375	

(Unit: Millions of U.S. Dollars)

		Shareholders' equity						
	Common stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Other components of equity	Treasury stock	Total shareholders' equity	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
Balance on Apr. 1, 2023	\$ 1,674	\$ (1,118)	\$ 29,288	\$ 4,006	\$ (1,994)	\$ 31,856	\$ 4,254	\$ 36,110
Net profit			5,295			5,295	331	5,626
Other comprehensive income				2,631		2,631	161	2,792
Total comprehensive income			5,295	2,631		7,926	492	8,418
Cash dividends to shareholders			(1,489)			(1,489)		(1,489)
Cash dividends to non-controlling interests						-	(142)	(142)
Net change in acquisition (disposition) of treasury stock					(659)	(659)		(659)
Net change in sale (purchase) of subsidiary shares to (from) non-controlling interests		(1,833)		42		(1,791)	(872)	(2,663)
Transfer to Retained earnings			140	(140)		-		-
Balance on Mar. 31, 2024	1,674	(2,951)	33,234	6,539	(2,653)	35,843	3,732	39,575

(4) Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

ITOCHU Corporation and its Subsidiaries Years ended March 31, 2024 and 2023

	Millions	Millions of U.S. Dollars		
	2024	2023	2024	
Cash flows from operating activities:	_			
Net profit	¥ 851,923	¥ 844,681	\$ 5,626	
Adjustments to reconcile net profit to net cash				
provided by operating activities				
Depreciation and amortization	420,343	409,962	2,776	
(Gains) losses on investments	(34,817)	(67,157)	(230)	
(Gains) losses on property, plant, equipment and intangible assets	6,059	50,118	40	
Financial (income) loss.	(34,548)	(52,172)	(228)	
Equity in earnings of associates and joint ventures	(316,332)	(320,666)	(2,089)	
Income tax expense	243,784	262,180	1,610	
Provision for doubtful accounts and other provisions	10,013	(3,338)	66	
Changes in assets and liabilities, other-net	(88,646)	(183,718)	(585)	
Proceeds from interest	61,789	35,029	408	
Proceeds from dividends	218,814	233,884	1,445	
Payments for interest	(96,119)	(57,855)	(635)	
Payments for income taxes	(264,155)	(212,890)	(1,744)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	978,108	938,058	6,460	
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Net change in investments accounted for by the equity method	(22,926)	(294,890)	(152)	
Net change in other investments	(60,569)	22,937	(400)	
Net change in loans receivable	12,885	(20,035)	85	
Net change in property, plant, equipment and intangible assets	(136,384)	(165,721)	(901)	
Net change in time deposits	1,000	3,903	7	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(205,994)	(453,806)	(1,361)	
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Net change in debentures and loans payable	186,196	(16,476)	1,230	
Repayments of lease liabilities	(252,580)	(261,271)	(1,668)	
Cash dividends	(225,458)	(188,372)	(1,489)	
Net change in treasury stock	(100,083)	(60,181)	(661)	
Other	(409,249)	26,219	(2,703)	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(801,174)	(500,081)	(5,291)	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(29,060)	(15,829)	(192)	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	606,002	611,715	4,003	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	23,493	10,116	155	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	¥ 600,435	¥ 606,002	\$ 3,966	

(5) Assumption for Going Concern: None

(6) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Operating Segment Information)

ITOCHU Corporation and its Subsidiaries Years ended March 31, 2024 and 2023

Information concerning operations in different operating segments for the years ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

		For the ye	ar ended M	arch 31, 20	24 (April 1,	2023 -Marc	h 31, 2024)			Millions of Yen
_	Textile	Machinery	Metals & Minerals	Energy & Chemicals	Food	General Products & Realty	ICT & Financial Business	The 8th	Others, Adjustments & Eliminations	Consolidated total
Revenues: Revenues from external customers ¥ Intersegment revenues	535,175 27	¥ 1,478,945	¥ 1,212,627	¥ 3,044,544 42,921	¥ 4,862,991 16,989	¥ 1,380,793 17,334	¥ 864,260 13,862	¥ 515,194 4,065	¥ 135,381 (95,284)	¥ 14,029,910
Total revenues	535,202	1,479,031	1,212,627	3,087,465	4,879,980	1,398,127	878,122	519,259	40,097	14,029,910
Gross trading profit	128,038	250,350	195,886	269,727	380,866	280,901	296,121	424,615	5,856	2,232,360
Trading income	25,069	84,940	174,736	102,582	102,207	86,111	79,074	67,071	(18,890)	702,900
Net profit attributable to ITOCHU	27,006	131,576	226,080	91,705	66,267	66,165	67,791	35,809	89,371	801,770
[Equity in earnings of associates and joint ventures]	[5,504]	[87,840]	[60,490]	[5,096]	[16,801]	[2,788]	[36,898]	[2,322]	[98,593]	[316,332]
Total assets on March 31, 2024	486,009	1,983,497	1,403,523	1,626,289	2,420,929	1,423,281	1,440,489	1,978,342	1,727,342	14,489,701
						-				
		For the y	ear ended M	Iarch 31, 202	3 (April 1, 2	2022 -March	31, 2023)			Millions of Yer
_	Textile	Machinery	Metals & Minerals	Energy & Chemicals	Food	General Products & Realty	ICT & Financial Business	The 8th	Others, Adjustments & Eliminations	Consolidated total
Revenues:										
Revenues from external customers ¥	530,138	¥ 1,393,501	¥ 1,268,056	¥ 3,388,985	¥ 4,626,264	¥ 1,263,457	¥ 875,134	¥ 467,105	¥ 132,993	¥ 13,945,633
Intersegment revenues	4,446	124		41,818	14,404	21,944	14,153	4,051	(100,940)	
Total revenues	534,584	1,393,625	1,268,056	3,430,803	4,640,668	1,285,401	889,287	471,156	32,053	13,945,633
Gross trading profit	116,523	234,822	222,009	315,356	330,913	225,024	286,125	383,845	15,286	2,129,903
Trading income	19,954	71,694	202,151	153,141	65,938	79,928	69,404	46,113	(6,410)	701,913
Net profit attributable to ITOCHU	25,477	107,371	247,361	115,792	20,191	95,067	64,551	16,594	108,115	800,519
[Equity in earnings of associates and joint ventures]	[5,362]	[44,749]	[61,955]	[8,621]	[4,431]	[38,486]	[40,480]	[327]	[116,255]	[320,666]
Total assets on March 31, 2023	457,659	1,664,644	1,274,803	1,552,638	2,146,794	1,223,292	1,308,118	1,906,655	1,580,797	13,115,400
										Millions of
		For the ye	ar ended M	larch 31, 20	24 (April 1,	2023 -Marc	h 31, 2024)			U.S. Dollars
	Textile	Machinery	Metals & Minerals	Energy & Chemicals	Food	General Products & Realty	ICT & Financial Business	The 8th	Others, Adjustments & Eliminations	Consolidated total
Revenues:										
Revenues from external customers \$	3,535	\$ 9,767	\$ 8,009	\$ 20,108	\$ 32,118	\$ 9,120	\$ 5,708	\$ 3,403	\$ 894	\$ 92,662
Intersegment revenues	0	1		283	112	114	92	27	(629)	
Total revenues	3,535	9,768	8,009	20,391	32,230	9,234	5,800	3,430	265	92,662
Gross trading profit	846	1,653	1,294	1,781	2,516	1,855	1,956	2,804	39	14,744
Trading income	166	561	1,154	677	675	569	522	443	(125)	4,642
Net profit attributable to ITOCHU	178	869	1,493	606	438	437	448	236	590	5,295
[Equity in earnings of										
associates and joint ventures]	[36]	[580]	[400]	[34]	[111]	[18]	[244]	[15]	[651]	[2,089]
Total assets on March 31, 2024	3,210	13,100	9,270	10,741	15,989	9,400	9,514	13,066	11,408	95,698

Note 1: "Equity in earnings of associates and joint ventures" is included in "Net profit attributable to ITOCHU".

Note 2: "Trading income" = "Gross trading profit" + "Selling, general and administrative expenses" + "Provision for doubtful accounts"

Note 3: "Others, Adjustments & Eliminations" includes gains and losses, which do not belong to any operating segment and internal eliminations between operating segments. The investments in CITIC Limited and C.P. Pokphand Co. Ltd. and the profits and losses from them are included in this segment.

Note 4: As of October 1, 2022, ITOCHU dissolved the mutual-holdings for certain group companies held by The 8th segment as minority and the other segment as majority, and shares of such group companies are only held by the other segment. Accordingly, the results for the year ended March 31, 2023 are reclassified in the same manner.

-Unaudited-

(Per Share Information)

The following is the information on ITOCHU shareholders' equity per share and earnings per share attributable to ITOCHU for the years ended March 31, 2024 and 2023.

(Unit: Yen)

	2024	2023
ITOCHU shareholders' equity per share	3,771.77	3,314.35
Earnings per share attributable to ITOCHU (basic)	553.00	546.10
Earnings per share attributable to ITOCHU (diluted)	-	-

The base data to calculate the basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to ITOCHU for March 31, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

(Numerator) (Unit: Millions of Yen)

	2024	2023
Net profit attributable to ITOCHU	801,770	800,519
Effect of dilutive securities	-	-
Net profit attributable to ITOCHU (diluted)	801,770	800,519

(Denominator) (Unit: Share)

	2024	2023
Average number of common shares outstanding	1,449,848,444	1,465,872,321

(Material Subsequent Events)

Based on the decision at the meeting of the Board of Directors held on May 17, 2023, ITOCHU issued corporate bonds with an interest rate of 1.088% due 2034 for a total issue amount of \$22,000 million yen on April 18, 2024 in Japan.